## **Peer Review Plan**

Preliminary Title: Providing Nutrition Incentives: What Can SNAP Learn from WIC?

Type of Report

(ERR, EIB, EB, TB, SOR,)

[X] Influential Scientific Information

Agency: Economic Research Service [ ] Highly Influential Scientific Assessment

**USDA** 

**ERR** 

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Subject of Review: The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and the

Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) have recently used two different strategies to promote fruit and vegetable consumption. A small-scale pilot in SNAP

provided a price incentive that lowered the effective price of fruits and vegetables. WIC provides fruit and vegetable Cash Value Vouchers (CVVs) that participants redeem (at no charge to the participant) at food retailers for fruits and vegetables, up to the dollar value set on the CVV. Using an accomplic framework, this report compares two

cov. Using an economic framework, this report compares two hypothetical interventions: one using a price incentive and the other a CVV. To improve comparability, we assume that both interventions cost the same. Because of cost neutrality, average consumption of fruits and vegetables increases by essentially identical amounts in both interventions. However, a price incentive and a CVV tend to channel fruits and vegetables to different types of consumers: those who increase consumption the most from a CVV are those who had consumed the least, while those who increase consumption the most

diminishing returns of health to nutritional intake, those who initially consume the least fruits and vegetables are those who tend to benefit the most, nutritionally, from the additional consumption which a CVV provides. Thus, a CVV is more effective than a price incentive at prompting consumption among those who consume the least and at

from a price incentive are those who had consumed the most. Under

increasing overall health benefits for a low-income population.

Purpose of Review: The purpose of the review is to ensure the high-quality of the economic analysis,

transparent explanation of methods, objective interpretation of results, and effective

communication to the intended audience.



Type of Review:		[ ] Panel	Review		[X]	Individual	Reviewers	
		[ ] Altern	native Pro	ocess (Briefly	Explain)	:		
Timing of Review (Est.):	Start:	10/01/15	End:	12/20/1	l6 Co	mpleted:	12/20/16	
Number of Reviewers:	[ ]	3 or fewer	[X]	4 to 10	[]	More than	10	
Primary Disciplines/Types of I	Expertis	se Needed for R	leview:	Economists				
Reviewers selected by:	[X]	Agency		[ ] Designated Outside Organization				
		Organization's Name			_	•		
Opportunities for Public Comment?  If yes, briefly state how and when these opportu			[]	Yes	[X]	No		
How:	na wne	en tnese opporti	inities wi	ii be provided	ı:			
When:								
Peer Reviewers Provided with Public Comments?			[ ]	Yes	[X]	No		
Public Nominations Requested for Review Panel?			[ ]	Yes	[X]	No		

